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30 ROCKEFEL	LER PLAZA		ROBINSON BOYCE, AKIBA K	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/707,310	BARTNING ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	AKIBA K. ROBINSON BOYCE	3628			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	I. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 Ja</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	^r election requirement.				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the construction of the correction and the correction are constructed to by the Examiner The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner Theorem 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner Theorem 12. **Theorem Theorem T	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Status of Claims

1. Due to communications filed 1/28/08 and 10/26/07, the following is a non-final office action. Claims 1 and 9 have been amended. Claims 1-9 are pending in this application and have been examined on the merits. The previous action has been adjusted to reflect claim amendments. Claims 1-9 are rejected as follows.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-4 and 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Block et al (US 2003/0055689 A1), as cited by applicant.

As per claim 1, Block et al discloses:

allowing access to a host server via at least two out of a plurality of travel channels to facilitate formation of a travel plan, wherein the plurality of travel channels includes an Internet connection, a telephone, and a physical travel office, and wherein the host server is in communication with, and provides access to, a plurality of: travel

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vendor databases, user multi-use point of service terminals, and global distribution systems that include any computer network that provides inventory access that is at least related to hotel, condominium, rental car, train, bus, and airline inventory, ([0157], shows central server that allows access to web pages and other data, w/[0048], lines 4-6, Internet, [0049], lines 1-10, cell phone, kiosk, w/ [0164], shows Global Distribution System providers (such as Sabre, Worldspan, Amadeus, Galileo) as well as the variety of Internet based booking engines (such as Travelocity) are utilized by a traveler to make travel decisions, where Travelocity is known for booking airline inventory);

receiving a travel booking for the travel plan by a first one of the travel channels, ([0051], user makes reservations via web page on personal computer);

wherein the travel booking may be received from a travel customer through a travel network as well as from the travel customer through of a combination of the Internet and the travel network, (Fig. 2, shows various methods of accessing the internet network including kiosks, in [0072], [0074] (Airport America Kiosks), where the network of kiosks of Airport America represent a travel network, in addition [0251] teaches XML interfacing which enables any system to interface with any other system based on a common set of functions specifically geared for the travel industry and based on the Open Travel Alliance where possible);

associating the travel booking with a travel customer, (Claim 43, reserving travel services based on information received in the request and on the travel related information of the traveling member maintained in the central database);

storing the travel booking and customer data for the travel customer in a

central repository, ([0010], lines 28-31, shows member's travel needs/preferences are stored in member's portfolio or profile, where profile is shown to be stored in the central memory as shown in [0118]);

receiving a travel change for the travel plan by any of the travel channels, either the same as or different from the first travel channel, ([0074], lines 1-4, member changes travel plans by palm...kiosk, etc);

retrieving the travel booking and the customer data from the central repository, ([0010], lines 22-28, shows the analysis of travel requirements to make reservations best able to meet member's travel needs. Since member's travel needs/preferences are stored in member's portfolio or profile, [0010], lines 28-31, and the profile is shown to be stored in the central memory in [0118], it is inherent for the travel booking and customer data to be retrieved from the central repository in order to be analyzed);

servicing the travel change by modifying the travel booking to produce a modified travel booking, ([0074], lines 4-6, obtain a text confirmation in the form of a computer print out of travel change);

and storing the modified travel booking in the central repository, (inherent with [0074], lines 4-6, since any information in a text confirmation must be stored in order to actually send the text to the kiosk, in addition, [0159], shows kiosk is in communication with the central server [which contains central memory]).

As per claim 2, Block et al discloses:

connecting a plurality of travel vendor databases to the host server, (Claim 6, plurality of Web Pages providing information on a plurality of individual travel facilities).

As per claim 3, Block et al discloses:

further comprising the step of providing direct access to the host server for a plurality of external consumers, [0051], direct inputs).

As per claim 4, Block et al discloses:

further comprising the step of providing a plurality of travel offices, wherein each of the travel offices has access to the host server by said plurality of travel channels, (Fig. 2, kiosks).

As per claim 6, Block et al discloses:

wherein the step of receiving a travel booking comprises receiving a travel booking by an Internet travel booking request, and further comprising the step of automatically processing the travel booking request, (Claim 92, Internet accessed travel planning system for making travel arrangements via request).

As per claim 7, Block et al discloses:

wherein the travel booking comprises flight reservation information, hotel reservation information, and car rental information, (Claim 62, 64 and 66, flight, rental vehicle, hotel room).

As per claim 8, Block et al discloses:

further comprising the step of storing fulfillment information in the central

repository for the travel booking, ([0012], data fulfilling members travel requirements are available or storage in members portfolio/profile, where profile is in central memory as shown in [0118]).

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As per claim 9, Block et al discloses:

a host server accessible via at least two out of a plurality of travel channels to facilitate formation of a travel plan, wherein the plurality of travel channels includes an internet connection, a telephone, and a physical travel office, and wherein the host server is also in communication with, and provides access to, a plurality of: travel vendor databases, user multi-use point of service terminals, and global distribution systems that include any computer network that provides inventory access that is at least related to hotel, condominium, rental car, train, bus, and airline inventory, ([0157], shows central server that allows access to web pages and other data, w/[0048], lines 4-6, Internet, [0049], lines 1-10, cell phone, kiosk, w/ [0164], shows Global Distribution System providers (such as Sabre, Worldspan, Amadeus, Galileo) as well as the variety of Internet based booking engines (such as Travelocity) are utilized by a traveler to make travel decisions, where Travelocity is known for booking airline inventory);

a booking reception element adapted to receive a travel booking for the travel plan by a first one of the travel channels, ([0051], user makes reservations via web page on personal computer);

wherein the booking reception element may receive the travel booking from a travel customer through a network as well as from the travel customer through a combination of the Internet and the network, (Fig. 2, shows various methods of

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accessing the internet network including kiosks, in [0072], [0074] (Airport America Kiosks), where the network of kiosks of Airport America represent a travel network, in addition [0251] teaches XML interfacing which enables any system to interface with any other system based on a common set of functions specifically geared for the travel industry and based on the Open Travel Alliance where possible);

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a booking association element adapted to associate the travel booking with a travel customer, (Claim 43, reserving travel services based on information received in the request and on the travel related information of the traveling member maintained in the central database);

a storage element adapted to store the travel booking and customer data for the travel customer in a central repository, ([0010], lines 28-31, shows member's travel needs/preferences are stored in member's portfolio or profile, where profile is shown to be stored in the central memory as shown in [0118]); a change reception element adapted to receive a travel change for the travel plan by any one of the travel channels, either the same as or different from the first travel channel,([0074], lines 1-4, member changes travel plans by palm...kiosk, etc); a data retrieval element adapted to retrieve the travel booking and the customer data from the central repository, ([0010], lines 22-28, shows the analysis of travel requirements to make reservations best able to meet member's travel needs. Since member's travel needs/preferences are stored in member's portfolio or profile, [0010], lines 28-31, and the profile is shown to be stored in the central memory in [0118], it is

inherent for the travel booking and customer data to be retrieved from the central repository in order to be analyzed);

a service element adapted to service the travel change by modifying the travel booking to produce a modified travel booking, ([0074], lines 4-6, obtain a text confirmation in the form of a computer print out of travel change);; and

a storage element adapted to store the modified travel booking in the central repository, (inherent with [0074], lines 4-6, since any information in a text confirmation must be stored in order to actually send the text to the kiosk, in addition, [0159], shows kiosk is in communication with the central server [which contains central memory]).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Block et al (US 2003/0055689 A1), as cited by applicant, as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Walker et al (US 5,897,620), as cited by applicant.

As per claim 5, Block et al does not specifically disclose the following, but does disclose the use of email to confirm membership enrollment for travel services in [0072].

However, Walker et al discloses:

wherein the step of receiving a travel booking comprises receiving a travel

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booking by an unformatted e-mail message, (Col. 5, lines 49-54, shows traveler contacts the travel agent by email). Walker et al discloses this limitation in an analogous art for the purpose of showing that the traveler uses email to provide a travel itinerary.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the applicant's invention to receive a travel booking by an unformatted e-mail message with the motivation of allowing a user to utilize the available methods of communication to obtain travel services.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 10/26/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

As per claims 1 and 9, applicant argues that that Block et al. does not disclose the host server in communication with, and providing access to, a plurality of travel vendor databases, user multi-use point of services terminals, and Global Distribution Systems, as recited in independent claims 1 and 9 of the present application. However, as described in the previous, as well as the current action, in [0049], it is shown that a user can utilize a cell phone, a personal computer or a palm computer to access to the website of the system, where the central server (which serves as the host server) provides access to the web pages as shown in [0157], and therefore, the cell phone, personal computer or a palm computer utilizes the server to access the web pages, and must therefore first access the server. The cell phone, personal computer or a palm

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computer therefore represent a plurality of different types of travel channels. In addition, [0164] of Block, shows Global Distribution System providers (such as Sabre, Worldspan, Amadeus, Galileo) as well as the variety of Internet based booking engines (such as Travelocity) are utilized by a traveler to make travel decisions, where Travelocity is known for booking airline inventory. Here, the traveler is given access to these travel resources, however, must first access the central server y utilizing the cell phone, a personal computer or a palm computer as described above. In addition, Fig. 2, shows various methods of accessing the internet network including kiosks. Also in [0072] and [0074], Airport America Kiosks are shown, where the network of kiosks of Airport America represent a travel network. Block et al does provide access to the Airport America system, however can be accessed by more than one or a combination of the Internet and the travel network, as disclosed in the claims. In addition [0251] teaches XML interfacing which enables any system to interface with any other system based on a common set of functions specifically geared for the travel industry and based on the Open Travel Alliance where possible, and therefore, Block et al. discloses a host server in communication with, and providing access to, Global Distribution System providers or Internet based booking engine, and network integration with the system in addition to the Internet connections.

All other claims that depend from claim 1 are still rejected for the same reasons as discussed with respect to claim 1.

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Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Akiba K Robinson-Boyce whose telephone number is 571-272-6734. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9am-5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Hayes can be reached on 571-272-6708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the •Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system, Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

A. R. B. March 17, 2008

/Akiba K Robinson-Boyce/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3628